

EUROPE.

EUROPE.

—♦—

GREAT BRITAIN.

DEATH OF THE RT. HON. STEPHEN LUSHINGTON.
LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Right Honorable Stephen

THE LEWES RACES.

Warrenre hidicap of 10 sovereigns each, 5 forfeit, with 100 added, for all ages, about 5 furlongs, was won by the Duke of Hamilton's 3 years' old ch. f. Leonie, by Newminster out of Gaspard's dam by Hampton; Mr. H. Saville's br. g. Reindeer, aged, by Mountain Deer out of Sultana, second; Mr. Gilby's 3 years' old ch. c. Haymaker, by Leamington out of Village Maid, third. The betting before the race was 2 to 1 against Leonie, 2 to 1 against Reindeer, and 5 to 1 against Haymaker. Twelve horses started.

JEFF DAVIS.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 7.—Jeff Davis was on Charge at Liverpool to-day, and was loudly cheered.

FRANCE.

PURCHASE OF HORSES FOR THE ARMY.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Gen. Fleury has issued a circular calling for the purchase of additional supplies of horses for the army.

TURKEY.

THE GREAT INSURRECTION.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A dispatch from Constantinople says *The Levant Post* contains a statement that the Cretans have sent a request for help to Queen Victoria.

EGYPT.

THE RIGHT OF SUCCESSION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 7.—The Sublime Porte has

Egypt the rightful and legitimate successor to the
Viceroyal throne in the event of the death of Ismael
Pasha.

ITALY.

DEBT OF THE FORMER PAPAL PROVINCES.
FLORENCE, Aug. 7.—The Italian Government has
agreed to pay the portion of the debt of the former
Papal Provinces which is held in France, and look
to these Provinces for reimbursement.

THE WEST INDIES.

ST. DOMINGO

INCREASING STRENGTH OF THE DIAZ GOVERNMENT—MINERAL RESOURCES—CONTEMPLATED GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF THE REPUBLIC—TRADE REVIVING—THE BAY OF SAMANA.

From Our Special Correspondent.

ST. DOMINGO CITY, July 20.

The many reports to the contrary notwithstanding, from time to time transmitted to the New-York press by way of Havana and other Spanish ports, that the Administration of President Diaz is every day gaining in popularity and strength. Those reports are manufactured by the malcontents, whose trade is revolution, and who are stimulated to their mischievous work by Spanish officials. We hear of movements on the Haytian frontier by the Cabral party for the invasion of the Republic, and of a contemplated rebellion among the natives of the island for the overthrow of the actual government; but the measures taken by President Diaz for ridding the country of these contemplated risks, from the bottom of the bay.

have been so well advised, and have been characterized by so much foresight and energy, that the plotting of his adversaries have hitherto proved utterly abortive, and public tranquillity is, on the whole, well maintained. The voice of faction, it is true, has not yet been completely silenced, but it is every day becoming weaker and

weaker, and will soon subside into harmless mutterings. It was feared at one time that Baez had fallen completely in the hands of designing men, who would use him to serve their own selfish purposes; but his refusal of the dictatorship—which seems to have been a perfectly sincere act on his part—and the policy he has subsequently pursued, have had the effect of removing from the public mind all apprehensions as to his subservieney, and creating confidence in his government.

President Baez is signaling his administration by a most liberal and progressive policy, as might have been expected from his antecedents. He has declared that "every man of intelligence and enterprise in the country, and under his auspices many works of internal improvement are already under way." The great salt enterprise, in which some of the leading citizens of New-York are interested, will soon be carried to a successful issue. The agent of the company, Mr. Davis Hatch, has had an interview with President Baez, and has received from him the most liberal assurances of co-operation, aid and protection. The copper and petroleum interest is also receiving attention.

known to those conversant with the history of the country. Not to speak of the gold, which is believed to exist here in considerable quantities—notwithstanding the rich harvests of the precious metal gathered by the early Spanish adventurers—there is a copper region on the river Haina, about 50 miles from this city, which is said to be quite as promising as the celebrated copper district on the eastern base of the Cordillera de las Yungas.

been discovered in the Bay of Samana. Silver ore has been found on the peninsula of Samana; in the District of Cibao there are indications of zinc, antimony, lead, and other minerals; and nickel and native iron have been found near Bayaguanua and at Samana. The Government has decided on a complete geological survey of the several provinces of the Republic, and the well-known New

State government is a sufficient guarantee that the work contemplated will be done in a thorough and exact manner. It is believed that the result of their report will be to initiate a new era in the industrial history of this rich and beautiful island. The short-sighted policy of the past, which has exhausted the natural resources of Santo Domingo will now be abandoned, and they will be thrown open to the use of the civilized world.

The sugar crop this year is larger than for many years past. Honey, wax, indigo, gum, and the roots of the country are in great demand. There are now five large vessels in port loading for European ports, and two for Boston and New-York, which is more than we have seen at any time

President Baez has received the most positive assurances from the authorities of St. Thomas, Curacao, and the other neighboring islands that Gen. Superon, and the other leaders of the late Cabral Government, will be closely watched, and that any attempts to invade the island will be strenuously resisted.

The progress of the civil war in Haiti is watched here with the deepest interest. Baer and Salnave are fast friends, and naturally the supporters of the Government. They are determined, however, to see the latter triumph over his enemies. The Dominican exiles of the Cabal party are in league with the Cacos, and the overthrow of the people will render their chances of regaining power in this country much brighter than ever. All the influence of the exiles and the Baer Government will continue to be thrown into the scale in favor of Salnave.

Mr. Jacob James, the colored preacher of the American Protestant Church at Samana, was in this city a few days since. He reports the population of Samana as estimated at 10,000. The colored population is about 5,000. The

the United States.

JAPAN.

THE OPENING OF NEGATO—AN ELECTION AT
YOKOHAMA—THE AMERICAN SQUADRON.
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 6.—The advices from
Japan, received by the U. S. ship Onward, are to July 4.
Permission had been given to the Italians and Prussians

to go to Negato on the 15th July. The British and American Ministers refuse their consent to permit the merchants to assist in opening that port, on account of the disturbed state of the neighboring districts. The election for a Municipal Director at Yokohama, June 20, resulted as follows:

Boyle, an Englishman. The new French Minister had arrived at Yokohama. The steamer Albion had arrived from Australia, with an assorted cargo and a number of emigrants. It is thought that the venture would prove a failure, as the markets for labor and goods were overstocked. A heavy gale prevailed at Yokohama on the 27th, demolishing a large number of buildings.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 1.—The United States ship On-

ward, from Tombauma, arrived today, bringing with them eight officers of the Asiatic Squadron, among whom is Lieut.-Commander Nyffe, late commander of the United States steamer Ashuelot. He reports the position of the Asiatic Squadron to be as follows: The Idaho was at Nagasaki, under orders for the China coast; the Aroos-

ook was on her way for Amoy; the Onoda was expected from Osaka; the Iroquois was under orders for the same port; the Ashuelot sailed for China about June 20, from Nagasaki; the Cuyahoga, Pawtucket, Monocacy, Maunce, and Piscataqua, were at Yokohama. The rani Stonewall was still under American colors and had not been delivered to the Japanese Government at the date of the sailing of the Onward, July 3.

THE CRUISE OF THE BOSTON YACHT CLUB
PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 6.—The Boston Yacht Club squadron left Boston Saturday at 3 p. m. for a cruise. It spent Saturday evening and Sunday in Gloucester, Monday in Newburyport, on Tuesday sailing to Saco Pool,

and remained here Wednesday; Thursday sailed for Portland. The following yachts comprise the vessels of the squadron on the cruise: Schooner Kettle, Commodore J. H. Follet; schooner Junipia, Com. Manning; sloop Pilgrim, Capt. Lothrop; sloop Columbia, Capt. Rusa; sloop Violet, Capt. Denton; sloop Fanchon, Capt. Stone. The Columbia arrived here at 10 a. m. The rest of the fleet will be here here and will be up about 1 p. m.

The schooner *Glimpse*, Capt. George W. Brown, of the squadron, which has been cruising about the coast of Maine, is also expected to join the others here.